

# GUJARAT

**Judicial Services Exam** 

**CIVIL JUDGE** 

Gujarat Public Service Commission

Judgement Volume - 2



# Gujarat JUDICIAL SERVICES

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	• Sri Prabodh Ch. Das & Anr. VS. Versus Mahamaya Das & Ors		



# The Code of Criminal Procedure, 1973

5. No.	Case Name	Facts	Date
1.	Swapan kumar	Power January 4,	January
	chatterjee	2019 Under	4, 2019
	versus central	Section 311 Of The	
	bureau of	CrPC, 1973 Should	
	investigation	Be Invoked By The	
		Court Only To Meet	
		The Ends Of	
		Justice	
2.	State of madhya	Section 482 Cr.P.C.	January
	pradesh versus	Offence under	4, 2019
	kalyan singh and	Section 307 IPC	
	ors	Cannot be Quashed	
		under section 482	
		Cr.P.C. On The	$\wedge$
		Basis of	
	0 0 0	Settlement	
	r 10.10.U	Between the	1 X
		Parties.	
3.	Yogendra @	(Section 354(3) of	January,
	Jogendra Singh	Cr. P.C. Section 302	17,2019
	Versus State of	IPC] Intention	
	Madhya Pradesh	resulted into an	
		attack more severe	
		than planned which	
		then resulted into	
		Death would not fall in rarest cases.	
		Of the rarest	
		cases.	
4.	Sau Saraswati	Once Final Report	January
7.	Bai Versus Lalita	is Submitted under	22,2019
	Bai and ORS.	Section 173 of the	LL,LU17
	Dai and Ono.	Cr.PC Normally	
		Accused By Final	
		Report Shall Be	
		relegated To	



			1 Tonieash the topper in you	
			Approach Magistrate for	
			Discharge	
	5.	Brig Sukhjeet Singh (Rets) MVC v. State of	Cr.P.C.)	Feb 06, 2019
		UP & Ors.	which Appellate Court take can additional	
			evidences depends upon the facts and circumstances of	
			each case but cannot be received	
			as disguise for a retrial	Λ
	6.	() ()	Limitation of 30	February
		Versus Shivbodh		12,2019
		and Ors.	Apply if Trial Court	
			Already Ordered	onner
			Restoration of	Oppor
			Possession In The Judgement	
	7.	Sau. Kamal	[482 <i>C</i> r. P. <i>C</i> ]	February
	,.	shivaji	Criminal Complaints	12, 2019
		pokarnekar.	Cannot Be Quashed	11, 101)
		Versus state of	Merely Because	
		maharashtra and	Allegations Appear	
		others	To Be Of A Civil	
			Nature.	
	8.	Prof r k	While Exercising	February
		vijayasarthy and	The Inherent	15,2019
		anr. Versus	Powers Under	
		sudha 	Section 482 of the	
		seedharam	High court should	
			examine Whether	



		Unleash the topper in you		
		The Complaint Is A Civil Dispute Cloaked With Criminal Nature		
9.	State Of MP Versus Dhruv Gurjar and another Tinku Sharma and others	While Exercising powers under Section 482 CrPC,	February 19, 2019	
10.	Sunil Kumar Gupta and others Versus State of Uttar Pradesh and others	Section 319 Of CrPC	February 27, 2019	
11.	The state of Madhya Pradesh Versus Laxmi Narayan Others	Offences and	March 5, 2019	



_		1	Unleash the topper in you		
			There Between		
			Parties.		
	12.	Manik Kutum Versus Julie	(Section. 125 CrPC) The High Court	March 07,2019	
		Kutum	need not the		
			remand matter to		
			the Trial Court		
			unless there is		
			factual any issue		
			involve in the case.	_	
	13.	Periyasami	Mere Disclosure Of	March	
		Versus S.	Name By Some	14, 2019	
		Nallasamy	Witnesses during		
			Trial Court Not		
			Enough To Add		
			persons As Additional Accused	$\wedge$	
			Under Section 319		
	-6	1 - 1 - 0	of Code of Criminal	5/	
			Procedure	JX S	
	14.	State of	(s. 357-A CrPC)	March	
		Himanchal	Adequate	15, 2019	
		Pradesh and	Compensation		
		ANR. Versus	To The Victim		
		Vijay Kumar @	Under		
		Pappu and ANR.	The Victim		
			Compensation		
			Scheme Should Be		
			Determined By		
			"Considering The		
			Nature Of		
			Injury, The Age Of Victim And		
			The Sufferings		
			Caused To The		
			Victim Or His		
			Family By The Act		
ı			1 - 1		•



	1	Unleash the topper in you	
		of The Accused.	
15.	Harveer singh	Section 397 CrPC.	March
	and Anr. Versus		15,2019
	State of UP		
16.	Nisha Saifi	Section 125 CrPC:	April 03,
	versus Mohd	Maintenance Right	2019
	Shahid	Accrues To A Wife	
		Against Her	
		Husband Since The	
		Inception of Her	
		Getting Married	
17.	Shome Nikhil	Domestic Violence	April 4,
	Danani Versus	Act and the	2019
	Tanya Banon	proceeding of	
	Danani	Section 125 of the	
		Cr PC are	
		Independent	$\Lambda$
18.	Ramswaroop	(Section 173(2) of	April 08,
09	Soni Versus The	Cr.P.C.] magistrate	2019
	state of Madhya	cannot direct police	
	Pradesh & ANR.	to	
	I Unit	File charge	pper
		Sheet receipt	
		Closure	
		Report. One of	
19.	Shir. N.k. janu,	Practice of	April 10,
	Deputy director	Summoning of	2019
	Social forestary	officers to Court is	
	Division, agra	Not proper	
	and others		
	versus lakshmi		
	chandra		
20.	Urvashi	[s. 16 SRA: Article	April 10,
	Aggarwal And	54 Limitation Act]	2019
	ANR. Versus	Torpid silence of	
	kushagr ansal	the plaintiffs in not	
	and ORS.	resorting too a	



			legal remedy within	
			a reasonable period	
			tantamounts yo	
			their abandoning	
			the the Agreement	
	21.	Atma Ram And	Examination of	April
		ORS. V. State of	witnesses in the	11 <sup>th,</sup> 2019
		Rajasthan	Absence of accused	
			is a curable	
			Irregularity	
	22.	Accused 'X'	Pre- Sentence	April 12,
		Versus State of	Hearing on A	2019
		Maharashtra	Separate Date Not	
			Mandatory Section	
			235 (2) of CrPC-	
	23.	MD. Allauddin	[Section 482 CrPC	April 15,
		Khan Versus The	High Court Has No	2019
		State of Bihar	Jurisdiction To	
	04.	And ORS.	Appreciate	YV O
			Evidence, While A	
			Under Hearing A	1010010
		I I Unit	Petition Section	pper
			482 CrPC.	
	24.	Bikash ranjan	Magistrate Cannot	April 16,
		rout versus	Suo- moto Direct	2019
		state through	Further	
		the secretary	Investigation After	
		(home),	Discharge the	
		government of	Accused Section	
		nct of delhi, new	156 (3) CrPC-	
L		delhi		_
	25.	_	Section 311 CrPC:	April 16,
		Versus State of	Long Duration Of A	2019
		Rajasthan and	Case Cannot	
		ANr.	The Displace	
			Basic Requirement	
			Of The Ensuring	



	1 10	nieaen the topper in you		
		Just Decision		
26.	Kumar Ghimirey v. The State of Sikkim	•	April 22, 2019	
27.	N. Ramamurthy Versus State by Central Bureau of Investigation A.C.B Bengaluru	principles governing suspension of	April 26, 2019	
28.	S.K Miglani Versus State of NCT Of Delhi		April 30, 20109	
29.	Rajesh & ORS. Versus State of Haryana		May 1, 2019	
30.	M/S Gati Limited Versus T. Nagarajan	Application Should	May 06, 2019	



	, , , ,	11 10 000	
	Piramiajee and	the Same Judge	
	ANR.	Who Considered	
		the First One.	
31.	Atul Shukla	Atul Shukla Versus	May 06,
	Versus The	The State of	2019
	State of Madhya	Madhya Pradesh	
	Pradesh & ANR.	ANR.	
32.	Sasikala Pushpa	(Section: 340 & 482	May 07,
	And Others	CrPC; Section: 193	2019
	versus The	IPC)	
	State of Tamil	Mere Incorrect	
	Nadu	Statement in	
		Vakalatnama Not	
		Amount to Forgery	
33.	Vikas Bhutani	Maintenance	May 17,
	Versus State	Awarded To A Wife	2019
	and ANR.	Is not A Bounty	$\Lambda$
	0 0	(Section 125 CrPC)	
34.	Manju Sharma	Assessment of	July 01,
	Versus VIPIN	Interim	2019
		Maintenance U/S	
	I Unite	125 of Requires	oper i
		Prima Facie	
		Evaluation	
35.	Prakash Jain And	Question: What are	July 3,
	ORS. Versus The	the requirements of	2019
	State of	Notice for	
	Karnataka	'suomoto'	
		enhancement of	
		sentence?	
36.	Christopher Raj	High Court reverse	July 05,
	Versus K Vijay	Acquittal Without	2019
	Kumar	Affording	
		opportunity	
		Of hearing to	
		accused or by	
	·		



		Appointing an	
		Amicus Curiae.	
37.	Harendra Singh	Plea For	July 08,
	Harendra	Anticipatory bail	2019
	Bahadur Versus	Not Maintainance	
	The State of	Before HC without	
	U.P.	Approaching	
		Sessions Court,	
		Unless There are	
		'Special Reasons'	
38.	Vishnu kumar	How Magistrate	July 09,
	tiwari versus	Deal With Protest	2019
	state of	Complaints	
	Uttar prah		
	through		
	Secretary home,		
	civil secretariat		Λ
	Lucknow and		
10	Another	n Ala os	LV n
39.	Naval Kishore	Victim need not	July 10,
	Mishra Versus	obtain leave for"	2019
		filing appeal against	oper I
	Others	acquittal, it should	
		be dealt as a	
		Regular	
		•	
		be dealt as a Regular Appeal	



# The Power under Section 311 of the CrPC. 1973 Should Be Invoked By the Court Only To Meet the Ends of Justice

Swapan kumar chatterjee

Versus

Central bureau of investigation

(Supreme Court)

Judgment: Hon'ble J. A.K. Sikri, Hon'ble J. S. Abdul Nazeer

Pronounced by: Hon'ble S. Abdul Nazeer, J

Date: 04 January 2019

#### **Facts**

C.B.I. filed charge sheet against the appellant and three other under section 477 (A), 471, 468 420, 120B of the IPC read with Section 5(1)(c)(d) of prevention of corruption Act. The case was put of trial and 29 prosecution witnesses were examined. The prosecution filed an application under Section 1 1 of the CrPC for examination of handwriting expert (Mr. H.S. Tuteja), which was allowed but he failed to appear. Prosecution again sought time and it was granted but he again failed to appear.

#### Decision of Supreme Court

The Supreme Court observed that this practice had been going on unopposed for a period thirteen years, starting from the year 2004, However, the case was registered in the year 1983 and 2 Prosecution witnesses have already been examined but despite the fact that multiple applications have been filed to summon that handwriting expert and all have been allowed but prosecution ha failed to procure the attendance of handwriting expert. The court also observed that Prosecution evidence was closed long back and reason for non-examining of expert witness is not satisfactory.

Therefore, summoning the witness at belated stage would cause great prejudice to the accused and should not be allowed. Similarly, the court should not encourage the filing of successive applications for recall of a witness under section 31 1 of the CrPC.



The First part of Section 31 1of the CrPC, is permissive and gives discretionary authority to criminal courts and enables it at any stage of the inquiry, trial or other proceedings of the code to. act in three ways-

- 1. Summon any person as a witness; or
- 2. To examine any person in attendance, though not summoned as witness; or
- 3. To recall and re-examine any person already examined.

The Second Part, which is mandatory, imposing an obligation on the court-

- 1. To summon and examine, or
- 2. To recall and re-examine any such person, if his evidence appears to be essential to the just decision of the case.

Therefore, the power conferred under Section 31 1of the CrPC, should be invoked only to meet the ends of justice and same is to be exercised only for strong and valid reasons. Under Section 31 1of the CrPC, the court has wide power to even recall witnesses for re-examination or further examination, which is imperative in the interest of Justice.

The Court held that the power should be exercised with great caution and circumspection and not be exercised if the court is of the view that the application has been filed as an abuse of the process of law.



### [Section 482 of Cr.P.C.]

# Offence under Section 307 IPC Cannot Be Quashed under section 482 Cr.P.C. On The Basis Of Settlement between the Parties.

State of madhya pradesh Versus Kalyan singh and ors.

#### Division Bench of Hon'ble Supreme Court

Hon'ble D.Y. Chandrachud & M.R. Shah JJ.

Pronounced by: Justice M.R. Shah

Dated: January 4th, 2019.

#### Law point

- \* Non compoundable offences cannot be quashed under section 482 Cr.P.C. solely on the basis of settlement between the parties,
- \* State, being an interested party, can refuse to compound an offence even when the complainant has made a settlement with the accused to compound it.

#### **Brief facts**

The Respondent No.5 (original Complainant) filed a complaint against Respondent Nos. I to 4 (the original accused) for the offences under Sections 307, 294 read with Section 34 of the PC. The original accused filed a bail application which was rejected by the Ld. Sessions Court and thereafter, the original accused approached the High Court by filing the miscellaneous criminal case under Section 482 Cr.P.C. and requested to quash the criminal proceeding on the ground that the accused and the original complainant have settled the dispute amicably.

The original complainant submitted affidavit on this behalf and submitted that he have no objection for dropping the criminal proceedings.

The High Court in exercise of power under section 482 Cr.P.C. quashed the criminal proceedings against the original accused under Sections 307, 294



read with 34 IPC, solely on the ground of settlement and that the original complainant does not want to prosecute against the accused. But the same was opposed by the prosecution.

Feeling aggrieved and dissatisfied with the judgment and order passed by the High Court, he State of Madhya Pradesh preferred the present appeal before the Hon'ble Supreme Court.

#### Point of determination

Whether the High Court rightly quashed the criminal proceeding under sections 307 294 read with 34 IPC by using inherent power given under section 482 Cr. P.C.?

### Observations of Hon'ble supreme court

The Hon'ble Supreme Court observed that:

- \* One of the accused person was reported to be a hardcore criminal having criminal antecedents.
- \* The offences under sections 307, 294 read with section 34 IPC are now compoundable and are of serious nature.
- \* The Hon'ble Supreme Court referred Gulab Das and Ors. . State of Madhya Pradesh (2011) 12 SCALE 625, In which, the Hon'ble Supreme Court observed and held that, despite any settlement between the complainant on the one hand and the accused on the other, the criminal proceedings for the offence under section 307 of IPC cannot be quashed as offence under section 307 is a now compoundable offence

### Decision of hon'ble supreme court

The Hon'ble Supreme Court after observing the facts and circumstance of the case and looking into the seriousness of the allegations held that:

- 1. The High Court has committed a grave error in quashing the criminal proceeding for the offence under Sections 307, 294 read with Section 34 of IPC, solely on the ground that the original complainant and the accused have settled the dispute and the same cannot sustained thus, same deserves to be quashed and set aside.
- 2. Consequently, the said criminal proceedings were ordered to be proceeded further in accordance with law and on its own merits.



## [Section 354(3) of Cr.P.C. Section 302 IPC]

Intention resulted into an attack more severe than planned which then resulted into death would not fall in rare of the rarest cases.

> Yogendra @ Jogendra Singh Versus State of Madhya Pradesh

#### 3 Judges Bench

Hon'ble S.A. Bobde, R. Subhash Reddy and L. Nageswara Rao JJ.

**Dated**: January, 17, 2019

#### Law point

- 1. Concept of mitigating factors in the area of death penalty must receive a liberal and expansive construction by the courts in accord with the sentencing policy writ large in Section 354(3).
- 2. A real and abiding concern for the dignity of human life postulates resistance to taking a life through law's instrumentality. That ought not to be done save in the rarest of rare cases when the alternative option is unquestionably foreclosed.
- 3. If there is a pattern discernible across both the cases then a second conviction for murder would warrant the imposition of a death sentence.

#### **Brief facts**

In this case the deceased Ruby was married to one Mr. Sanjay Gupta and had two issues from the wedlock. The Appellant coveted her and the husband suspected an affair between his wife - the deceased and the Appellant and harassed her accusing her of the same. The deceased thereafter came to live with her maternal uncle. The Appellant pressurized the deceased's father (PW 8) for summoning her to Porsa (a place) and threatened him with dire consequences if his demand was not fulfilled.

On the ominous night of summer, the deceased and her family members went to their respective rooms and retired for the night. The doors were kept open since it was summer. There was light in the rooms and the courtyard from some bulbs. The Appellant snuck into the room of the deceased and warned



her "though she doesn't want to live with him he is not going to let her live with anybody else". The father of the deceased, Dataram (PW 8) woke up on hearing this and saw the Appellant running away after throwing acid on his daughter. The deceased started screaming, whereupon other family members tried to save her, the Appellant then, threw acid on the other members of the family, burning and injuring all of them. In the attack, the deceased sustained burn injuries to the extent of 90% all over her body while others also sustained burn injuries. In the incident the grandmother of the deceased Smt. Chandrakala (PW 3) and one Raju nephew (PW 7) of the deceased and Janu (PW 4) brother of the deceased were also injured. Dying declaration of the deceased was recorded which pointed out the accused as culprit Also dying declarations made by the injured were consistence with the dying declaration of the deceased. Though the injured survived the injuries.

The Appellant committed this crime when he was out on bail in another case wherein he has been convicted for murder and his sentence has been upheld. In that case the appellant was charged along with co-accused one Kiran Nurse for committing the murder of one Laxmi Narayan alias Laxman Singh in the intervening night of 27.07. 1994 and 28.07. 1994. And this incident occurred on 21.07.2013.

#### Decision of the trial court

The Sessions Court awarded the Appellant death sentence under Section 302 of the IPC and also, convicted him for disfiguring and injuring these people by throwing acid under Section 326(A) of IPC.

### Decision of hon'ble high court

By an order of High Court of Madhya Pradesh, Gwalior Bench, dated 12. 12.2014 confirming the death sentence awarded to the appellant by the Sessions Court, Ambah, District Morena (M.P.) vide its judgment in Sessions Trial No.388/2013 dated 24.07.2014. The Appellant has been convicted under sections 302, 326(A) and 460 of IPC and awarded capital punishment of death sentence, life sentence on three counts and fine of Rs.25,000/-each, and ten years' R.I. and fine of Rs.5000/- with default stipulations, respectively. This death sentence has been confirmed by the High Court on a reference under